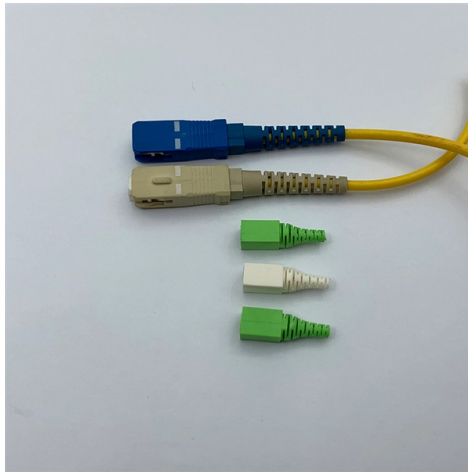


Russian active optical devices are resistant to high temperatures



Overview

Sensors have increased climatic and mechanical performance and, thus, will be suitable for extremely hot and cold conditions, including Arctic. The new modules are being developed by Central Research and Development Institute 'Electron' included in Ruselectronics holding. All this is boiled for several days in technological containers — pots made of chamotte with a volume of 500-700 liters at high temperatures up to 1400-1550°C. After that, the glass. Abstract—The current state of the art in the field of highly heat-resistant optical fiber coatings based on poly-imides and polyamides is reviewed. Various methods of coating formation, including those from poly(amic acid) precursors, organosoluble polyimides, and aliphatic and aromatic polyamides. High-temperature measurements above 1000 °C are critical in harsh environments such as aerospace, metallurgy, fossil fuel, and power production. Fiber-optic high-temperature sensors are gradually replacing traditional electronic sensors due to their small size, resistance to electromagnetic. Attention is paid to high-temperature effects that can be used in Random fiber lasers to tune their properties, as well as, in distributed fiber sensors for measurements in extreme conditions. A random laser employs a highly. Rostec State Corporation's Roselektronika Holding has developed the first Russian silicon-based photomodels with a resolution of 4 megapixels. We are the only company in Russia providing a full technological cycle.

Article Content

Half a century of continuous shock interaction investigations in the ...

This paper presents the history of research investigations at the Joint Institute for High Temperatures of the Russian Academy of Sciences in the field of shock wave interactions.

Radiation Resistant Optical Fiber with a High Birefringence

A radiation resistant optical fiber with a high birefringence is fabricated on the basis of nitrogen-doped silica glass using the PANDA technology and

Joint Institute for High Temperatures of the Russian Academy of

Joint Institute for High Temperatures of the Russian Academy of Sciences is the leading research institute in the fields of high energy densities physics, shock wave physics, thermodynamics

High-tech Russian-made optical devices for ophthalmology

The company "WestMedGroup" intends to organize the production of domestic optical devices for Russian ophthalmology at the existing production facilities.

Ophthalmological equipment of domestic

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In addition, the presence of active hydroxyl groups, being responsible for their high adhesion to the optical glass surface, provides an absorption band at 280 nm. Furthermore, most organic polymers

Unveiling the Dark-Sight: Russian Night Vision Devices

Explore the latest advancements in Russian night vision technology, including top devices and their tactical applications. Uncover the cutting-edge devices that enhance visibility in low-light

Optical Fiber Sensors for High-Temperature Monitoring:

This paper reviews the sensing principle, structural design, and temperature measurement performance of fiber-optic high-temperature sensors,

Highly Heat-Resistant Polymeric Coatings of Optical Fibers

Abstract—The current state of the art in the field of highly heat-resistant optical fiber coatings based on poly-imides and polyamides is reviewed.

Radiation resistant optical components for high energy physics ...

New detectors for future high-energy physics experiments will operate under unprecedented radiation dose rates. This condition requires improved radiation resistance on

(PDF) Heat-Resistant Thin Optical Fiber for Sensing in Environments ...

Abstract and Figures The development and characterization of thin optical fibers for high temperature sensing applications is presented in this research article.

Recent advances in optical fiber high-temperature sensors and ...

Therefore, it is necessary to grasp the distribution pattern of high-temperature force-thermal on the combustion chamber wall. Currently, surface-contact temperature sensors mainly include

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Optical glasses bonded with this adhesive are resistant to temperatures from -15 to +60°C and, in some cases, to +90°C, if the adhesive has the form of a film or a coating.

AtlantOptics

We manufacture high-precision illuminators (windows, ports) from glass and crystals for medical, industrial, and defense equipment. These components protect sensitive internal systems from

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Rostec State Corporation's Roselektronika Holding has developed the first Russian silicon-based photomodules with a resolution of 4 megapixels. The products are designed for

Optical Fiber Sensors for High-Temperature Monitoring:

High-temperature measurements above 1000 °C are critical in harsh environments such as aerospace, metallurgy, fossil fuel, and power production.

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Existing devices for monitoring nanoparticles concentration are not sensitive to single nanoparticles, require difficult sample preparation, they are unhandy and expensive. A highly qualified operator is

Fire, furnaces, quality control

Heat-resistant thermal imaging systems are used to monitor the process in glass production. Previously, they were purchased abroad, but recently the Roselectronica holding of

Analysis of the optics, night vision, thermal imaging and ...

In the arena of modern warfare, Russia 's T72, T80, T90 and Armata series tanks have attracted much attention. The performance of these tanks' optics, night vision, thermal imaging and

Temperature Measurements in the Core of Active Optical Fibers under ...

Abstract—A procedure for measuring the temperature in the core of an active fiber at a highpower optical pumping is described. The procedure is based on using a cavity of the optical fiber laser as

Rayleigh and Brillouin scattering in metal-coated optical fibers at ...

The main advantage of such fibers is that they can operate at high temperatures (up to 9500C) and high pressure that is attractive, in particular, for applications in distributed fiber-optic sensors operating in

Optical Fiber Sensors for High-Temperature Monitoring: A Review

Fiber-optic high-temperature sensors are gradually replacing traditional electronic sensors due to their small size, resistance to electromagnetic interference, remote detection, multiplexing, and distributed

Materials for high-temperature digital electronics

Thus, new material solutions beyond conventional silicon complementary metal-oxide-semiconductor devices are necessary for high-temperature, resilient electronic systems.

RUSSIA'S ELECTRONIC WARFARE FORCE

Major General Yuriy Lastochkin, head of Russian Defense Ministry's Radio-Electronic Warfare (REB) force, believes REB capabilities will permit his forces "to decide the fate of all military

Highly Heat-Resistant Polymeric Coatings of Optical Fibers

It is demonstrated that organosoluble polyimides and poly-amides show promise as protective coatings of optical fibers that withstand prolonged exposure to moisture and high temperatures (350°C up to

Development of high-performance broadband optical detector for ...

Photodetectors capable of operating at high temperatures are required for flame detection in gas turbines and combustion, chemical analysis, optical switches for high temperature

Photosynthetic Apparatus of Hylocomium Brilliant Moss Resistant to ...

On the contrary, in the hydrated state, it is unstable to prolonged exposure to positive temperatures (40°C). High resistance to low temperatures and dehydration allowed H. splendens to

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